2020

COMMERCE

Cost Accounting [HONOURS]

Paper: H-II
[OLD SYLLABUS]

Full Marks: 100 Time: 4 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in
their own words as far as practicable.

- 1. Answer any **five** questions: 1×5=5
 যে-কোনো পাঁচটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও ঃ
 - i) Define Job Card. জব কার্ডের সংজ্ঞা দাও।
 - ii) What do you mean by Composite Cost Unit?
 মিশ্র পরিব্যয় একক বলতে কি বোঝ?
 - iii) Define Job Costing.
 ফরমায়েশি কাজের পরিবায়ের সংজ্ঞা দাও।
 - iv) What is Direct Material? প্রত্যক্ষ কাঁচামাল কি?

v) What is meant by 'Process Costing'?
'প্রক্রিয়াকরণ পরিবয়ে' বলতে কি বোঝ?

vi) What is Overhead? উপরিব্যয় কি?

vii) What is Cost? পরিবয়ে কি?

viii) What do you mean by Contract Price? চুক্তিমূল্য বলতে কি বোঝ?

2. Answer any **ten** questions: 2×10=20 যে-কোনো **দশটি** প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও ঃ

- i) What do you mean by under absorption of overhead?
 উপরিব্যয়ের স্বন্ধ আত্মীকরণ বলতে কি বোঝ?
- ii) Define Bin Card. বিন কার্ডের সংজ্ঞা দাও।
- iii) Mention two advantages of time wages.
 সময়ভিত্তিক মজুরীর দুটি সুবিধা উল্লেখ কর।

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- iv) What is Cost Centre? পরিব্যয় কেন্দ্র কি?
- v) What is Cost Unit? পরিব্যয় একক কি?

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- vi) What do you mean by Marginal Costing? প্রান্তিক পরিব্যয় বলতে কি বোঝ?
- vii) Mention the names of two industries Using Operating Costing.

 ক্রিয়া সম্পাদন পরিব্যয় ব্যবহারকারী দুটি শিল্পের নাম উল্লেখ কর।
- viii) Mention two features of Job Costing.
 ফরমায়েশি কাজের পরিব্যয় নির্ণয়ের দুটি বৈশিষ্ট্য উল্লেখ
 কর।
- ix) What is the meaning of Inter Process Profit? আন্তঃপ্রক্রিয়ালাভ বলতে কি বোঝ?
- x) Mention two advantages of Process Costing.
 প্রক্রিয়াকরণ পরিব্যয়ের দুটি সুবিধা উল্লেখ কর।
- xi) What is meant by escalation clause? বৃদ্ধিসূচক ধারা বলতে কি বোঝ?
- xii) Write the name of two industries where Standard Costing is used.
 মানক-পরিব্যয় ব্যবহাত হয় এমন দুটি শিল্পের নাম লেখ।

- 3. Answer any **five** questions: $6 \times 5 = 30$ যে-কোনো পাঁচটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও ঃ
 - i) Distinguish between Cost Accounting and Management Accounting.
 পরিব্যয় হিসাবরক্ষণ ও পরিচালন হিসাবরক্ষণের মধ্যে পার্থক্য কর।
 - ii) From the data given below calculate the works cost for a Job in Factory A:

Method of Payment of wages	Rowan Plan
Standard time for the job	250 hours
Actual time taken to complete the job	200 hours
Hourly rate of wages	₹2.50
Material Cost for the job	₹1,000
Factory Overhead (% of wages)	150%

- iii) The annual demand for a product is 6400 units. Inventory Carrying Cost is ₹1.50 per unit per annum. If the cost of one procurement is ₹75, determine
 - a) Economic Order quantity
 - b) Number of orders per year
 - c) Time between two consecutive orders. ইংরাজী প্রশ্ন দেখ।

iv) X Ltd. produces a single product which undergoes two processes. From the following information prepare process accounts:

	Process	
	A	В
	₹	₹
Raw Materials Issued (3000 Units)	15,000	-
Additional Materials	2,000	2,000
Direct Wages	15,000	18,000
Production Overhead	3,000	7,000
Normal Loss as % of input	10%	5%
Scrap Value Per Unit	2.00	5.00
Output in Units	2,800 Units	2,600 Units

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- v) Describe the features of Contract Costing.

 চুক্তি সম্পর্কিত পরিব্যয়ের বৈশিষ্ট্যগুলি আলোচনা কর।
- vi) The cost records of Mayur Ltd. give the following information relating to Job No 786:

	₹
Materials sent to Job	2,500
Materials returned from job	200

The Job passed through three production departments A, B and C.

Direct wages:

Department A: 15 hours @₹3 per hour

Department B: 10 hours @₹2 per hour

Department C: 5 hours @₹4 per hour

Variable Overheads of the above departments are estimated as:

Department A: ₹20,000 for 5,000 Labour

hours

Department B : $\mathbf{\overline{7}}$ 7,000 for 1,000 Labour

hours

Department C: ₹12,000 for 3,000 Labour

hours

The fixed overhead of the factory is ₹45,000 for 18,000 normal working hours.

Prepare a Job Cost Sheet for Job No 786 considering profit of 20% on sales.

vii) XYZ Ltd. absorbs overheads at a predetermined rate, provides you the following information:

Overheads actually incurred	₹2,00,000
Overheads absorbed	₹1,50,000
Stock of finished goods	11000 units
Stock of work in Progress	10,000 units
	(20% Complete)
Goods Sold	12,000 units

It was noticed that under-absorbed overheads was due to rising price level. How would under-absorbed overheads be treated in Cost Accounts?

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viii) UV Ltd. (Which adopted Standard Costing) furnishes the following:

Standard:

Materials required for 75 kg finished products – 100 kg Price of materials is ₹2 per kg

Actual:

Output	150000 kg
Materials used	180000 kg
Cost of materials	₹3,42,000

Compute:

- a) Materials Price Variance
- b) Material Usage Variance
- c) Material Cost Variance.

ইংরাজী প্রশ্ন দেখ।

- 4. Answer any **three** questions: 15×3=45 যে-কোনো **তিনটি** প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও ঃ
 - i) The following data related to the manufacture of a standard product during the month of April, 2017:

Raw Materials	₹1,80,000
Direct Wages	₹90,000
Macine hours worked	10,000 hrs.
Machine hour Rate	₹8

Administration Overhead – 10% of works cost Selling Overhead – ₹5 per unit.

Units produced 4000 units
Units sold 3600 units

Sellling Price per unit – ₹125.

You are required to prepare a cost sheet in respect of the above showing

- a) Cost per unit
- b) Profit for the month

ii) Distinguish between Job Costing and Contract Costing.

ফরমায়েশি কাজ সম্পর্কিত পরিব্যয় এবং ঠিকা কাজের পরিব্যয়ের মধ্যে পার্থক্য দেখাও।

iii) A building contractor undertook a contract for ₹5,00,000. The following particulars are furnished for the year ended 31.12.16:

₹

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Direct Material	60,000
Wages for Labour	30,000
General Plant in use:	
Written down value	80,000
Depreciation thereon	10,000
Direct Expenses	2,500
Sub-Contractor Charges	6,000
Share of General Overhead	3,000
Outstanding wages on 31.12.16	1,000
Direct Expenses accrued on 31.12.16	3,000
Materials in hand on 31.12.16	4,000
Cash received (80% of work certified)	1,60,000
Cost of uncertified work	50,000

Prepare a Contract Account for the year ended 31.12.16.

- iv) You are required to calculate a suggested fare per passenger-km from the following information for a mini bus:
 - a) Length of route: 30 km
 - b) Purchase Price of Mini bus: ₹4,00,000
 - e) Part of above cost met by loan, annual interest of which is ₹10,000
 - d) Other annual charges: Insurance ₹15,000; Garage Rent ₹9,000; Road tax ₹3,000; Repairs and maintenance ₹15,000; Administrative Charges ₹5,000.
 - e) Running expenses: Salaries of driver and conductors ₹5,000 per annum; Diesel and oil cost per km ₹5.
 - f) Effective life of vehicles is estimated at 5 years at the end of which it will have a scrap value ₹10,000.
 - g) Mini bus has 20 seats and is planned to make six number of two ways trips for 25 days p.m.

Provide Profit @20% of total revenue. ইংরাজী প্রশ্ন দেখ।

v) Discuss the steps for installing Cost Accounting in a manufacturing concern.

> কোন উৎপাদনকারী প্রতিষ্ঠানে পরিব্যয় হিসাবরক্ষণ প্রবর্তনের ধাপগুলি আলোচনা কর।